Ch. 19 Worksheet

1. A spherical drop of water carrying a charge of 30 pC has a potential of 500 V at its surface (V = 0 at infinity). What is the radius of the drop?

2. The figure shows two charged particles on an *x*-axis: $-q = -3.20 \times 10^{-19}$ C at x = -3.00 m and $q = +3.20 \times 10^{-19}$ C at x = +3.00 m. What is the net electric potential at point *P* located at y = +4.00 m due to the two charges?



3. The figure shows three capacitors with capacitance $C_1 = 10.0 \ \mu\text{F}$, $C_2 = 5.00 \ \mu\text{F}$, and $C_3 = 4.00 \ \mu\text{F}$. (a) Find the equivalent capacitance for the combination. Assuming that the $V = 15 \ \text{V}$. (b) Determine the potential across each capacitor. (c) What is the charge on each capacitor?



4. A coaxial cable used in a transmission line has an inner radius of 0.10 mm and an outer radius of 0.60 mm. Calculate the capacitance per meter for the cable. Assume that the space between the conductors is filled with polystyrene, which has a dielectric constant (κ) of 2.6 and a dielectric strength of 24 kV/mm.