## Chapter 11 Example Problems

1. The U-tube in the figure to the right contains two liquids in static equilibrium: Water of density $998 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ is in the right arm and oil of an unknown density is in the left. Measurements give $l=135 \mathrm{~mm}$ and $d=$ 12.3 mm . What is the density of the oil?

2. A manometer is used to measure the pressure in a tank. The fluid has a density of 850.0 $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ and the manometer column height is 55 cm . If the local atmospheric pressure is 96 kPa , determine the absolute pressure within the tank.
3. In the figure, a block of density $900 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ floats face down in a fluid of density $1200 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$. The block has a height $\mathrm{H}=6.0 \mathrm{~cm}$.
a. By what depth $h$ is the block submerged?
b. If the block is held fully submerged and the released,
 what is the magnitude of its acceleration?
